# 四级看图英语作文(必备31篇)

来源：网络 作者：悠然小筑 更新时间：2025-04-17

*四级看图英语作文1小兔搬南瓜早上，兔妈妈让小兔去菜园里搬个南瓜，小兔到了菜园里看见南瓜很大，小兔的力气小，一个人搬不动，菜园边熊猫正骑车经过，小兔上去问：“熊猫哥哥能帮我一起搬下南瓜吗?”熊猫说：“我有事情，你叫其他人帮忙吧。”菜田里的小猫...*

**四级看图英语作文1**

小兔搬南瓜

早上，兔妈妈让小兔去菜园里搬个南瓜，小兔到了菜园里看见南瓜很大，小兔的力气小，一个人搬不动，菜园边熊猫正骑车经过，小兔上去问：“熊猫哥哥能帮我一起搬下南瓜吗?”熊猫说：“我有事情，你叫其他人帮忙吧。”菜田里的小猫听见过来问怎么了，小兔说：“我妈妈要我搬南瓜回家，我一个人搬不动你能帮我一起吗?”小猫说：“我们再找其他人一起来搬吧。”然后他们找来了小猪和小狗一起搬，等搬到家门口时，兔妈妈出来看见小兔和小伙伴们一起搬回南瓜了，兔妈妈看见很高兴，在家里把南瓜做成了丰富的南瓜汤让他们一起分享，也很高兴小兔在搬南瓜的时候交到了新朋友。

小兔运南瓜

有一天兔妈妈叫小白兔去菜园里摘南瓜，小白兔跑到菜园一看，哇，这么多南瓜呀!

小白兔想：“摘哪个好呢?”他选啊选啊，选了一个又大又扁的南瓜摘了下来。可是这个南瓜太大太重了，他怎么搬也搬不动。

他想，怎么办好呢?这个时候小熊哥哥骑着自行车过来，小白兔对小熊哥哥说：“你能帮我把南瓜运回我家吗?”小熊哥哥说：“我还有急事，你自己想办法吧。”说着就骑自行车走了。

小白兔想：“车轮是圆的，南瓜也是圆的，我能不能把南瓜滚回家呢?”小白兔用力扶起来，就把南瓜滚回家了。

小兔运南瓜

有一天，兔妈妈叫小兔去菜园里运一个南瓜，把南瓜运回家做南瓜汤喝。小兔走到菜园里一看，发现一个跟公交车轮子一样大的南瓜。小兔不知道怎么把南瓜搬回家里去，因为这个南瓜实在太大了。它抱呀抱抱呀抱，怎么也抱不动，就坐在菜园里发愁。

这时候熊猫哥哥骑着自行车飞快地经过菜园，小兔看见了正想跟它打招呼的时候，小白兔看到熊猫哥哥的自行车的轮子突然想到了一个好办法 。

小白兔用手用力的把南瓜翻了一个跟斗，把南瓜像自行车轮子一样滚着回家去了。刚好妈妈走出家门看见小白兔把南瓜运回来了，兔妈妈很惊讶的说：“你真是个爱动脑筋的好孩子啊”!

小兔运南瓜

有一天，小兔看到一个很大很大的南瓜，小兔想怎么样才能把这个大南瓜运回家呢?

这时熊哥哥刚好骑着自行车过来，和小兔打招呼。小兔一下子想到可以让熊哥哥有自行车，可以放到运它的自行车上运回家。小兔对熊哥哥说：“熊哥哥你能帮我一起把这个大南瓜运到我家吗?”熊哥哥说：“可以啊，我很乐意帮忙。”熊哥哥和 小兔一起把这个大南瓜搬到车上，往家的方向走去。

小兔妈妈站在家门口，看见小兔把这个大南瓜运回来，妈妈给了小兔一个大拇指。

**四级看图英语作文2**

这类作文时，注意以下几点：

审题时，除了要把握好图表的表层信息外， 还要分析图标的\'深层含义，如原因、根源、可能的发展趋势等。图表中所提供的说明文字往往是问题的切入点，一定要仔细分析。

描述数据时要抓住重点，为中心服务，不必面面俱到，切忌毫无目的地罗列图表中的数据。如果数据较多，抓住图表中的极端点(如最大或最小、最多或最少，最好或最差)和基本相同进行描述。

主题句应明确，最好放在文章的开头，这样会使重点突出，主题明了。

常见模板

第一段：总体描述图表，指明时间段，指出突出变化或不同

常用句型或短语：

As is clearly shown in the char/ table/graph, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

According to the figures given in the table/chart/graph, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

It can be seen from the table/chart/graph, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

The figures in the table/chart reflect that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

especially, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(指出突出变化)

第二段：(分析原因)

There are several factors leading to this change / difference ……..

There are several reasons for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.(引出原因)

To begin with, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_(原因一)

In addition, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(原因二0

For example, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(举例说明)

Last but not the least, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_(原因三)

To sum up——————————————(简要总结)

**四级看图英语作文3**

The picture shows us a dialogue between a father and a son. The son told his father, “Dad, I’m a bit worried about disposing of nuclear waste”. While his father told him, “If you can empty the dustbin here you can do anything”. It reveals the importance of doing small things well before undertaking something big. There is also an old Chinese saying to go with this that a person can’t sweep the world before he can sweep his own room.

I agree on the point that it is of great importance for a person to do small things well before undertaking something big. First of all, doing small things well entail the qualities that needed in doing great things such as patience and ability of controlling time. For example, when we sweep our room, we need to manage our time and energy reasonably. Accordingly, if we sweep a bigger room, for example, a classroom with our classmates, we should learn how to cooperate and allot assignments as well. And a big advantage is that we can draw useful lessons from the failure of performing well because they didn’t cost a lot.

In another word, though these things seem trivial, they reinforce our manipulative ability and thus our understanding to the world. Therefore, we should not ignore the small things.

**四级看图英语作文4**

In this picture, we can tell that the son is talking to his father about his concern about the nuclear waste. His father told him that if he can empty the dustbin first, he can do anything. This is an easy but very important story, telling us that we have to focus on things around our daily life first, and then the things great enough in the world.

In our daily life, it is very common to find some people that talk about their great minds on topics that far away from their lives. However, they provide little concern on staffs that around their own daily lives. These people are usually not very successful because their minds are beyond their grasp. To this end, students who want to be a better man, have to know that one can become greater and greater if they can complete things around their daily life well one by one. They may stand on the top of the mountain in the society finally.

**四级看图英语作文5**

The picture shows us a dialogue between a father and a son. The son told his father, “Dad, I’m a bit worried about disposing of nuclear waste”. While his father told him, “If you can empty the dustbin here you can do anything”. It reveals the importance of doing small things well before undertaking something big. There is also an old Chinese saying to go with this that a person can’t sweep the world before he can sweep his own room.

I agree on the point that it is of great importance for a person to do small things well before undertaking something big. First of all, doing small things well entail the qualities that needed in doing great things such as patience and ability of controlling time. For example, when we sweep our room, we need to manage our time and energy reasonably. Accordingly, if we sweep a bigger room, for example, a classroom with our classmates, we should learn how to cooperate and allot assignments as well. And a big advantage is that we can draw useful lessons from the failure of performing well because they didn’t cost a lot.

In another word, though these things seem trivial, they reinforce our manipulative ability and thus our understanding to the world. Therefore, we should not ignore the small things.

文章标签：>看图

文章地址：（作文汇）

版权声明：本文及图片素材源于用户投稿，如不慎侵犯了知识产权人的权益，请联系我们第一时间进行删除。

Copyright©20\_-20\_ Rights Reserved 京ICP备18047794号-3

中小学生的作文宝库，让写作更轻松！直接扫描上方二维码访问手机版

**四级看图英语作文6**

英语听写四年级作文

自从上到四年级之后，在英语的课堂上，我们都摆脱不了英语听写。英语听写对我们来说是十分困难的，我们全班人没有多少人喜欢英语。在每个人的心里都认为英语都是外国的语言，我们没必要学英语。而实际上，英语是一种非常重要的语言，我们必须得学英语。而英语老师告诉我们，想学好英语，就要先从单词入手。

就这样，我们每天上英语课都要面临一件非常严肃的事情，那就是英语听写。每一次上完英语课，老师都会布置要我们听写的单词，每学一个单元，我们都要开始记。每天记十个听写十个，这样的日子要坚持熬很久，不单单是我们四年级要英语听写，其他年级也同样如此。还有的年级，有的班每天要听二十个单词，那样的日子，简直就是煎熬。

特别对我这种英语特别差的同学来说，每天简直就像是受刑一样。虽然我每天都不想听写，但是没有听写出来的单词都要罚抄，一个单词就要抄三十遍。那个时候，我们全班的同学都很反对，觉得老师对我们实在是太严格了。而每天一次的单词还在继续，我们很多人为了能背出英语单词，都要抽下课的十分钟来背。

还有的同学比较调皮，回家下课都是玩的，根本就没有什么心思去背英语单词。于是，每一次上英语课，老师都会点名批评。那些同学都会觉得非常委屈，下课还在不停的抄写单词。因为需要英语听写，所以我们每节课的下课都变得非常忙碌，都没有什么时间出到操场玩耍了。虽然这样的日子很艰苦，但是我们却收获了很多。

我们从一个不怎么会英语的人变得有一些会了，不懂的单词都记牢了。就这样英语考试，我们考的\'分数也逐渐变得越来越高，我想英语听写并不是一件坏事，只是属于我们这样年纪的小孩子来说，毕竟适应不了，因为我们还很顽皮。但是想想，现在的学习生涯不是用来玩耍的，而是用来学习的，我们应该认真学习，而不是把时间花在玩耍上。

之后的日子里，每一节下课，都可以看见我们在忙忙碌碌被单词。以前常常抱怨英语，脸上的愁苦也慢慢消失，我们变得喜欢英语，喜欢听写单词了。因为那个时候，我们已经知道，在现在的社会里，英语占着一个非常重要的位置！

**四级看图英语作文7**

Directions:

A. Study the following two pictures carefully and write an essay of at least 150 words.

B. Your essay must be written neatly on the ANSWER SHEET 2.

C. Your essay should meet the requirements below:

1) Describe the pictures.

2) Deduce the purpose of the drawer of the pictures.

3) Suggest counter-measures

The two pictures given inform us of the brief history of world commercial fishing. From the upper picture we learn that the year 1900 saw a quite encouraging scene of world fishing: there were a great variety of fishes, but a limited number of fishing--boats in the ocean. However, a worrying change took place in the period of time from l900 to1955. As is shown in the lower picture, with the sharp development of world commercial fishing, the ocean became crowded with different kinds of fishing--boats and hence there were few fishes in it. It is clear that a disastrous change occurred in the previous 95 years.

As far as the purposes of the drawer of the pictures are concerned, they are as follows. To begin with, he intends to warn us of the over-exploitation of marine resources, including fish, which will inevitably result in the extinction of many species of marine organisms. Secondly, he aims to draw our attention to the protection of marine resources in every possible way. Finally, the drawer wants, I think, to render the idea that the sea fish resources, which help to keep a large population from being hungry, will be completely ruined if the present situation of overfishing continues at an accelerated rate.

In my opinion, a series of counter--measures should be taken to reverse the current dangerous tendency. On the one hand, the governments throughout the world are supposed to set up as many marine nature reserves as possible to protect marine organisms. On the other hand, it is urgent that the world commercial fishing be put under control because overfishing is one of the factors which are responsible for the present situation. Only in this way can we protect marine resources from being destroyed some day.

**四级看图英语作文8**

跳绳作文300字

一天，天气晴朗，小猪乐乐和小猴飞飞一起到一棵大树下跳绳。可是，只有两个人，跳不起来，飞飞想出一个好办法，告诉乐乐：“乐乐，我们把绳子一头系在大树上，另一头你拿着甩，怎么样？”小猪点点头，它们开始跳绳了。只见飞飞一上一下，活像一只小燕子。小兔罗丽在对岸看到了，羡慕不已，大声叫道：“乐乐、飞飞我也想跟你们玩。”飞飞问：“那你怎么不过来呢？”小兔挠挠头，说：“这里有条河，我过不去。”小猪开口了：“飞飞，我家后院有一块木板，可以当做一只桥。”说着，两个好朋友就抬着木板来了，他们把木板横架到河上，小兔顺利地过了河。小鸟唱唱也飞了过来，在天上唱着友谊之歌。

点评：小家伙，你真厉害！老师讲的好词好句用起来了，还有自己的独特的提示语，真棒！

跳绳作文200字

一天，小猪乐乐和小猴明明一起约好去河边跳绳。乐乐先把跳绳的另一头绑在树上，他拿着这一头，明明在中央跳绳，可开心了。这在这时，小兔花花看见了，花花说：“乐乐，我也想加入你们，和你们一起跳绳。”乐乐说：“好的。”“可是，我过不了河，怎么办呢？”明明眼珠一转，想了一个好办法，对乐乐说：“乐乐，我有个好办法，我家有一块木板，我们俩把那块木板搬来，就好了。”最后，他们把木板放在河面上，花花就走过来了，他们就高高兴兴地跳起了绳来，多开心！

跳绳作文200字

清晨，小猪和小猴相约到河边跳绳。他们找了一根绳子，一头绑在树上，一头让小猪抓在手上。小猪开始甩绳子，小猴在中间一上一下地跳。正当他们玩得开心时，河对面来了一只小兔，小兔见了也很想玩，小兔大声叫道：“小猪，我也想玩，可是我不会游泳，过不去。”听了小猪的话后，小猴灵机一动，想了个办法，叫小猪和他一起去工厂搬木板，搬来木板后，他俩把木板横架在河面上。这样小兔就走了过来，和他们一起快快乐乐地跳起来……小鸟见了，开心地唱起了一首友谊之歌。

点评：好机灵的小猴呀！习作中心明确，凸显“友谊”！

跳绳作文250字

一天早上，小猪和小猴一起去河边跳绳。首先，小猪拿起一根绳子，一头绑在树干上，然后自己抓住另一头开始甩动绳子。接着，小猴站在中间，一上一下地跳了起来……可才跳了一会儿，突然，他们听见了哭声，只见小兔妹妹在河对面哭着说：“我想和你们玩，可是河太宽，我过不去。”小猪说：“别急，我家有块木板，我这就去把它搬来。”木板被拿来了，小猴和小猪把木板放到河面上。小兔走上独木桥，走到河对面。小猴赶忙把树干上的绳子解开，小猴和小猪一人抓一边，小兔跳进去，一上一下跳起来，小鸟开心地说：“太好了！”

点评：想象合理，过渡巧妙，将正在跳绳的小猪和小猴通过哭声引过去，好！

跳绳作文200字

阳光明媚的一天，小猪和小猴约好一起到小河边跳绳。因为只有两个人，所以小猴把绳子的一头绑在树上，另一头小猪抓住。开始甩绳子。小猴一上一下地跳，开心极了。过了一会儿，河对面来了一只小兔，说：“我也想和你们玩，可这条小河太宽，我过不去。”小猪说：“我来想办法。”小猪回家搬来一块木板，放在河面上，让小兔走过去。小兔走来了，小猴解开树上的绳子，三个小伙伴玩得很开心！一只小鸟飞过来，高声地唱着友谊之歌。

**四级看图英语作文9**

16. 世上没有什么比...更令我高兴。

Nothing in the world can delight me so much as ...

例：世上没有什么比到快餐店吃汉堡更令我高兴。

Nothing in the world can delight me so much as having hamburgers in fast-food restaurants.

17.. ..是必要的 It is necessary that S (should) V

...是重要的 It is important/essential that S (should) V ...是适当的 It is proper that S (should) V ...是紧急的 It is urgent that S (should) V 例：我们当保持公共场所清洁是应当的。

It is proper that we (should) keep the public places clean.

18. 每当我听到...我就忍不住感到兴奋。Whenever I hear..., I cannot but feel excited.

每当我做...我就忍不住感到悲伤。Whenever I do ..., I cannot but feel sad. 每当我想到...我就忍不住感到紧张。Whenever I think of ..., I cannot but feel nervous.

每当我遭遇...我就忍不住感到害怕。Whenever I meet with…, I cannot but feel frightened.

每当我看到...我就忍不住感到惊讶。Whenever I see ..., I cannot but feel surprised.

例：每当我想到我家附近那一条清澈的小溪，我就忍不住感到悲伤。

Whenever I think of the clean brook near my home, I cannot but feel sad.

=Every time I think of the clean brook near my home, I cannot help feeling sad.

19. 据说... It is said (that)子句

一般认为... It is thought (that)子句

大家都知道... It is known (that)子句

据报导... It is reported (that)子句

一般预料... It is expected (that)子句

一般估计... It is estimated (that)子句

一般相信... It is believed (that)子句

例：一般相信阅读增加我们的知识、扩大我们的心胸。

It is believed (that) reading increases our knowledge and broadens our mind.

20.. ..的主要理由是...

The main reason why ... is (that)子句 例：青少年犯罪的主要理由是社会环境日一败坏。

The main reason why the juveniles commit crimes is that social environment is becoming worse.

21. 俗语说得好：...。

Well goes an old saying,”…“

=As an old saying goes(runs, says),”…“

=An old saying goes,”…“

=It\'s an old saying (that)子句，例：俗话说得好：「诚实为上策」。

As an old saying goes, ”Honesty is the best policy.“

22. (A) ...用下列方法 in the following ways.

(B) …有三个主要理由。…for three major reasons.

(C) 要...至少我们可做三件事。To ..., there are at least three things we can do.

例：(A)我用下列方法增加信心。

I increase my confidence in the following ways.

(B) 人们学外语有三个理由。

People learn a foreign language for three major reasons.

(C) 为了维护健康，我们每天至少可做三件事。

To keep healthy, there are at least three things we can do every day.

II.用于文章承转句

23. 那就是(说)...;亦即…

That is to say, .

= That is, .

=Namely, ...

例：我们生活需有规律。也就是说，早睡早起，戒除烟酒。

We need to live a regular life. That is, we can keep good hours and refrain from smoking and drinking in the daily activities.

24. (A)基于这个理由... For this reason, ...

(B)为了这个目的…For this purpose, ...

例：基于这个理由，我已决定把行医作为未来的职业。

For this reason, I have decided to take practicing medicine as my future career.

25. 我们有理由相信…

We have reasons to believe (that)子句

例：我们有理由相信体罚应该严格禁止。

We have reasons to believe that corporal punishment should be strictly prohibited.

26. 事实上…

As a matter of fact, ...

= In fact, .

例：事实上，健康才是最重要。

As a matter of fact, it is health that counts.

27. (A)例如…For example, ...

(B)拿…做例子 Take ... for example.

例：例如，我们盲目地提高生活水准，却降低生活品质。

For example, we elevate the living standards blindly, but lower the quality of life.

28. 此外，我们不应忽视…

Besides (In addition), we should not neglect .

例：此外，我们不应忽视每个人都想要一个温馨祥和的社会。

In addition, we should not neglect that everyone wants a friendly and peaceful society.

29. 相反地… on the contrary, .

= by contrast, .

例：相反地，少数学生似乎还在鬼混。

On the contrary, a few students, it seems, are still fooling around.

30. 另一方面... on the other hand, .

例：政府应严格执法，另一方面，大众也应该培养减少污染的\'好习惯。

The government should enforce laws strictly. On the other hand, the public also should develop the good habit of reducing pollution.

**四级看图英语作文10**

1、In a word, the whole society should pay close attention to the problem of in this way can \_\_\_\_\_\_in the future.

总而言之，整个社会应该密切关注……这个问题。只有这样，我们才能在将来……。

2、As far as I am concerned, I agree with the latter opinion to some extent. I think that \_\_\_\_.

至于我，在某种程度上我同意后面的观点，我认为……

3、But \_\_\_\_\_\_and \_\_\_\_\_\_have their own advantages. For example, \_\_\_\_\_, while\_\_\_\_\_. Comparing this with that, however, I prefer to\_\_\_\_\_\_.

但是，……和……都有它们各自的优势(好处)。例如，……，而……。然而，把这两者相比较，我更倾向于(喜欢)……

4、Personally, I believe that\_\_\_\_\_. Consequently, I’m confident that a bright future is awaiting us because\_\_\_\_\_\_.

就我个人而言，我相信……，因此，我坚信美好的未来正等着我们。因为……

5、With the development of society, itxxxs urgent and necessary to every member is willing to contribute himself to the society, it will be better and better.

随着社会的发展，……。因此，迫切需要……。如果每个人都愿为社会贡献自已的一份力量，这个社会将要变得越来越好。

**四级看图英语作文11**

1.不用说...

It goes without saying that 子句 =(It is) needless to say (that)子句 =It is obvious that 子句 =Obviously, S. + V.

例：不用说早睡早起是值得的。

It goes without saying that it pays to keep early hours.

2.. ..是不可能的;无法...

There is no Ving

=There is no way of Ving.

=There is no possibility of Ving.

=It is impossible to V.

=It is out of the question to V.

=No one can V.

=We cannot V.

例：不可否认的，成功的事业关键在于健康的身心。

There is not denying that successful business lies in a healthy body and mind.

3. 我深信...

I am greatly convinced (that)子句 =I am greatly assured (that)子句

例：我深信预防是于治疗。

I am greatly convinced that prevention is better than cure.

4. 在各种...之中...

Among various kinds of ..., ...

=Of all the ..., ...

例：在各种运动中，我尤其喜欢慢跑。

Among various kinds of sports, I like jogging in particular.

5.. ..是很容易证明的。

It can be easily proved (that)子句

例：时间最珍贵是很容易证明的。

It can be easily proved that nothing is more precious than time.

6.. ..无论如何强调都不为过

... cannot be overemphasized

例：交通安全的重要性无论如何强调都不为过。

The importance of traffic safety cannot be overemphasized.

7.就我的看法...;我认为...

In my opinion, ...

=To my mind, ....

= As far as I am concerned, .

=I am of the opinion that 子句

例：就我的看法，打电动玩具既花费时间也有害健康。

In my opinion, playing video games not only takes much time but is also harmful to health.

8. (A)每个人都知道...

Everyone knows (that)子句

(B)就我所知…

As far as my knowledge is concerned, ...

例：就我所知，下列方法对我帮助很大。

As far as my knowledge is concerned, the following ways are of great help to me.

9. 毫无疑问地…

There is no doubt (that)子句

例：毫无疑问地，近视在我国的年轻人中是一个严重的问题。

There is no doubt that near-sightedness is a serious problem among the youth of our country.

10. 根据我个人经验…

According to my personal experience, ...

=Based on my personal experience, ...

例：根据我个人经验，微笑已带给我许多好处。

According to my personal experience, smile has done me a lot of good.

11. 在我认识的人当中，也许没有一个人比…更值得我尊敬。

Of all the people I know, perhaps non deserves my respect more than ...

例：在我认识的人当中，也许没有一个人比我的英文老师张老师更值得我尊敬。 Of all the people I know, perhaps non deserves my respect more than Miss Chang, my English teacher.

12. 在我的求学过程中，我忘不了...

In the course of my schooling. I will never forget...

例：在我的求学过程中，我忘不了学习英文所遭到的大困难。

In the course of my schooling. I will never forget the great difficulty I encountered in learning English.

13. (A)随着人口的增加... With the increase/growth of the population, ...

(B) 随着科技的进步，... With the advance of science and technology, ...

例：随着台湾经济的快速发展，许多社会问题产生了。

With the rapid development of Taiwan\'s economy, a lot of social problems have come to pass.

14. (A)在这信息的年代...扮演重要的角色。

In the age of information and communication, ... plays an important role.

(B)在今日工业社会中...是生命不可或缺的。

In today\'s industrial society, ... is indispensable to life.

例：在这信息的年代，计算机扮演非常重要的角色。

In this age of information and communication, the computer plays an extremely important role.

15. 在讨论...一个人不得不承认...。

In dealing with ..., one cannot but admit (that)子句

例：在讨论未来的职业，一个人不得不承认尽早决定未来的职业很重要。

In dealing with one\'s future career, one cannot but admit that it is very important to decide one\'s future career as early as possible.

**四级看图英语作文12**

31. 然而，很可惜的是…

However, it is a pity that 子句

例：然而，很可惜的是他总是临时抱佛脚。

However, it is a pity that he should always cram at the eleventh hour.

32. 换言之… in other words, .

=to put it differently

例：换言之，我会尽最大的努力达成我的目标。

In other words, I will try my best to attain (gain, live up to) my goal.

33. 别人可能认为这是事实，但我不是。我认为…

It may be true as assumed by others, but I don\'t. I believe that 子句

例：别人可能认为这是事实，但我不是。我认为…

It may be true as assumed by others, but I don\'t. I believe that if you have strong determination and perseverance, the success will certainly come to you in the end.

34. 从此之后，我已发现…

Ever since then, I have found that 子句

例：从此之后，我已发现…

Ever since then, I have found smile the best way to avoid any possible conflicts in our daily lives.

35. 这样说来，假如...当然毫无疑问地…。

In this light, if…,there can surely be no doubt (that)子句 例：这样说来，假如我们能善用时间，当然毫无疑问地我们会成功。

In this light, if we can make good use of time, there can surely be no doubt that we will get somewhere.

36. 更严重的是…。

What is more serious is (that)子句 例：更严重的是，我们不珍惜野生动物。

What is more serious is that we do not cherish the wildlife.

37. 鉴于社会的实际需要…。

In view of the practical need of society, ..

例：鉴于社会的实际需要，愈来愈多人对学英语有兴趣。

In view of the practical need of society, there are more and more people interested in learning English.

III.用于文章结论句

38.如果能实践这三点…。

If one can really put the three points into action (practice), ...

例：如果能实践这三点...。

If one can really put the three points into action(practice), he will surely be able to live a healthy and happy life.

39. 做这些简单之事，我们一定可以...。

By doing these simple things, we surely can ..

例：做这些简单之事，我们一定可以快乐出门平安回家。

By doing these simple things, we surely can go out of the door happily and come back home safe every day.

40. 如此，我相信...。

In this way,丨 believe (that)子句

例：如此，我相信大家能够像我一样，享受乘坐公车的乐趣。

In this way, I believe that all the people may be able to enjoy the bus ride like me.

41. 实践这些，...。

By putting them (the above) into practice, ..

例：实践这些，在智育方面我一直能不断进步。

By putting them(the above) into practice,丨 have been able to make constant progress in intellectual education.

42. (A)唯有符合此三项要求，我们才能...。

Only by living up to the three requirements, can we ....

(B)唯有通力合作，我们才能…。

Only with combined efforts, can we ..

例：唯有通力合作，我们才能期望台湾不久有新的面貌。

Only with combined efforts, can we expect Taiwan to take a new face in due course.

43. 最后但并非最不重要...。

Last but no least, ....

例：最后但并非最不重要，教育上的缺失是助长青少年犯罪的原因。

Last but no least, the shortcoming in education is the cause contributing to juvenile delinquency.

44. 这证据显示的重要性再怎么强调都不为过。

This evidence shows that the importance of cannot be overemphasized.

例：这证据显示交通安全的重要性再怎么强调都不为过。

This evidence shows that the importance of traffic safety cannot be overemphasized.

45. 由于这些理由，我...。

For these reasons, I....

例：由于这些理由，我认为在台湾接受大学教育是明智的。

For these reasons, I think that receiving college education in Taiwan is wise.

**四级看图英语作文13**

早上，小红和妈妈来到市场，小红说：“妈妈我很想买一瓶泡泡水。”妈妈说：“好的。”小红回到家连忙去找她的小伙伴们去了，然后小红拿出新买的泡泡水，小朋友说：“那么我们快去公园玩吧。”小红说：“好呀！好呀！”

小朋友们来到公园，小红说：“要不我们举行一场吹泡泡比赛吧！”然后小红把泡泡棒伸进瓶子里面，只见他猛地一吹，各种各样形状的泡泡就飞上了天空，泡泡在太阳的照耀下五光十色，就好像许许多多的彩色珍珠飞到了天空上，美丽极了。

到小明了，他嘟起嘴巴一吹，大的，小的珍珠也飞上了天空，小伙伴们拍手大叫起来：“好厉害呀！”

轮到小风的时候，他也把泡泡棒伸进瓶子里面，他吹的很轻很细，泡泡一串串一串串的，就像一串串葡萄，好美丽啊！

今天他们吹的泡泡各有不同，玩得特别开心！

**四级看图英语作文14**

Directions:

A. Study the following set of pictures carefully and write an essay in no less than 120 words.

B. Your essay must be written clearly on the ANSWER SHEET Ⅱ.

C. Your essay should cover all the information provided and meet the requirements below:

1. Interpret the following pictures.

2. Predict the tendency of tobacco consumption and give your reasons.

As is shown in the first picture, the total production of tobacco in the world dropped from lbs. in 1994 to lbs. in 1995. According to the figures given in picture two, cigarette smokers account for 20percent of the total population in the world, reaching billion persons. From the third and the fourth pictures we can see that smoking causes a lot of losses. First, it is a tremendous waste of money. The total amount of money spent on cigarette smoking amounts to $200 billion every year. Second, about 3 million people on the globe die of smoking every year.

As far as the tendency of tobacco consumption is concerned, I think in some developed countries the

consumption will more or less stabilize. In many developing nations, however, the number of cigarette smokers will be on the rise.

There are two good reasons for what I’ve mentioned above. On the one hand, a growing number of people in developed countries realize that smoking pollutes the air, that it does a lot of harm to one’s health, and that it may be responsible for lung cancer and many other disease. One the other hand, cigarette smoking, unfortunately, is seen as a sign of economic growth in many developing countries. It is clear that the future tobacco consumption will vary from country to country.

**四级看图英语作文15**

46. 总而言之，...。

In conclusion, ...

= To sum up, .

例：总而言之，好国民应该遵守交通规则。

In conclusion, a good citizen should abide by traffic regulations.

47. 因此，我们能下个结论，那就是…。

We can, therefore, come to the conclusion (that)子句

例：因此，我们能下个结论，那就是世上自由罪珍贵。

We can, therefore, come to the conclusion that nothing is so precious as freedom in the world.

48. 如果我们能做到如上所述，毫无疑问地…。

If we can do as mentioned above, there can be no doubt (that)子句 例：如果我们能做到如上所述，毫无疑问地，我们就能精通英语。

If we can do as mentioned above, there can be no doubt that we can master English

49. 因此，这就是…的原因。

Thus, this is the reason why ..

例：因此，这就是我重感冒的原因。

Thus, this is the reason why I caught a bad cold.

50. 所以，我们应该了解…。

Therefore, we should realize (that)子句

例：所以，我们应该了解学英文不能没有字典。

Therefore, we should realize that in learning English we cannot do without a dictionary.

**四级看图英语作文16**

转眼间，一学期的体育教学又圆满地结束了，在开学初的教学计划的统一指导下，四年级的体育教学工作开展得较成功，但不足之处也在所难免。为了今后更好的开展体育教学工作，特将本学期工作作以下

： 一、完成基本情况概述。 他们主要来源于附近的村队，因土生土长在农村，个个生龙活虎，性格活泼好动，对体育学科就产生了浓厚的兴趣，因此，各项体育活动很容易组织，各项活动开展的很成功，也很出色。尤其是游戏活动更是开展的有声有色。 二、取得的主要成绩与经验。

1、备好了每节课，上好了每节课，严把教学质量关，积极总结好的教学方法。

2、认真指导了学生开展各项体育活动，让他们劳逸结合，充分发挥他们的积极性，主动性，教育学生走强身之路。 3、善于发现特长生，培养精华，开发潜力，大力提高了学生的体育运动水平。

4、注重培养学生卫生习惯，提高了学生卫生意识。每学期，都组织学生进行身体检查，建立学生身体健康档案，做到预防疾病有据可寻。不断培养学生的卫生习惯和丰富学生的健康卫生知识，力图能对学生的健康成长能起积极的促进作用。每学期我们除开设好健康课之外，还充分利用班会课对学生进行卫生习惯的常规教育，对学生做好宣传教育，并要求学生对照实行。 三、取得主要成绩的方法措施： 1、课堂上注重了对学生的管理，课堂内外无一例安全责任事故发生。 2、高标准、高质量的完成教学常规工作，严把备课

、上课质量关。 3、切实改进了教学方法，采用形式多样，松紧适度，适合学生的方法，以激发学生兴趣，提高教学效果。 4、加强了课外实践活动的开展，加强运动能力的培养，创造运动的一切有利条件。 5、开展了一些丰富多彩的比赛活动，以加强学生的竞争，培养学生的顽强拼搏精神。 总之，在以后的体育工作中我们会积极努力，积极探索，不断完善各项工作，力求在工作中探索，在工作中进步，使文苑的体育工作更上一层楼

**四级看图英语作文17**

1、解决方法题型

要求考生列举出解决问题的多种途径

1． 问题现状

2． 怎样解决(解决方案的优缺点)

In recent days, we have to face I problem-----A, which is becoming more and more serious. First, (说明A的现状)．Second, (举例进一步说明现状)

Confronted with A, we should take a series of effective measures to cope with the situation. For one thing, (解决方法一). For another （解决方法二). Finally, 解决方法三).

Personally, I believe that (我的解决方法). Consequently, I’m confident that a bright future is awaiting us because (带来的好处).

2、现象说明文

Recently \_\_\_\_\_\_\_,what amazes us most is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,it is ture that\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

There are many reasons main reason is\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

what is a result\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

Considering all there, one thing\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_,for another\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

Conclusion\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

3、说明利弊题型

这种题型往往要求先说明一下现状，再对比事物本身的利弊，有时也会单从一个角度（利或弊）出发，最后往往要求考生表明自己的态度（或对事物前景提出预测）

1． 说明事物现状

2． 事物本身的优缺点（或一方面）

3． 你对现状（或前景）的看法

Nowadays many people prefer A because it has a significant role in our daily life. Generally, its advantages can be seen as follows. First (A的优点之一). Besides （A的优点之二）.

But every coin has two sides. The negative aspects are also apparent. One of the important disadvantages is that(A的第一个缺点)．To make matters worse,(A的第二个缺点)．

Through the above analysis, I believe that the positive aspects overweigh the negative ones. Therefore, I would like to(我的看法)．

(From the comparison between these positive and negative effects of A, we should take it reasonably and do it according to the circumstances we are in. Only by this way, (对前景的预测)．)

4、图表作文的框架

as is shown/indicated/illustrated by the figure/percentage in the table(graph/picture/pie/chart), \_\_\_作文题目的议题\_\_\_\_\_ has been on rise/ decrease (goesup/increases/drops/decreases),significantly/dramatically/steadily rising/decreasing from\_\_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_\_ in \_\_\_\_\_. From the sharp/marked decline/ rise in the chart, it goes without saying that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

There are at least two good reasons accounting for \_\_\_\_\_\_. On the one hand, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. On the other hand, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is due to the fact that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. In addition, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ is responsible for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Maybe there are some other reasons to show \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. But it is generally believed that the above mentioned reasons are commonly convincing.

As far as I am concerned, I hold the point of view that \_\_\_\_\_\_\_. I am sure my opinion is both sound and well-grounded.

5、对比观点题型

（1） 要求论述两个对立的观点并给出自己的看法。

1． 有一些人认为

2． 另一些人认为

3． 我的看法......

The topic of （主题）is becoming more and more popular recently. There are two sides of opinions of it. Some people say A is their favorite. They hold their view for the reason of （支持A的理由一）What is more, 理由二). Moreover, (理由三).

While others think that B is a better choice in the following three reasons. Firstly,(支持B的理由一). Secondly (besides),（理由二）. Thirdly (finally),(理由三).

From my point of view, I think （我的观点）. The reason is that (原因). As a matter of fact, there are some other reasons to explain my choice. For me, the former is surely a wise choice .

6、议论文的框架

(1) 不同观点列举型（ 选择型 ）

There is a widespread concern over the issue that \_\_作文题目\_\_\_\_\_. But it is well known that the opinion concerning this hot topic varies from person to person. A majority of people think that \_ 观点一\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. In their views there are 2 factors contributing to this attitude as follows: in the first place, \_\_\_原因一, in the second place, \_\_\_原因二\_\_\_\_\_. So it goes without saying that \_\_\_观点一\_\_\_\_\_.

People, however, differ in their opinions on this matter. Some people hold the idea that \_\_\_观点二\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. In their point of view, on the one hand， \_\_\_原因一\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. On the other hand, \_\_\_\_原因二\_\_\_\_\_. Therefore, there is no doubt that \_\_\_观点二\_\_\_\_\_\_.

As far as I am concerned, I firmly support the view that \_\_观点一或二\_\_\_\_\_\_. It is not only because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, but also because \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_, the more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

（2）利弊型的议论文

Nowadays, there is a widespread concern over (the issue that)\_\_\_作文题目\_\_\_\_\_\_. In fact, there are both advantages and disadvantages in \_\_题目议题\_\_\_\_\_. Generally speaking, it is widely believed there are several positive aspects as follows. Firstly, \_\_\_优点一\_\_\_\_\_\_. And secondly \_\_\_优点二\_\_\_\_\_.

Just As a popular saying goes, ”every coin has two sides“, \_\_讨论议题\_\_\_\_\_\_ is no exception, and in another word, it still has negative aspects. To begin with, \_\_\_缺点一\_\_\_\_\_\_. In addition, \_\_\_\_缺点二\_\_\_\_\_\_.

To sum up, we should try to bring the advantages of \_\_讨论议题\_\_\_\_ into full play, and reduce the disadvantages to the minimum at the same time. In that case, we will definitely make a better use of the \_\_\_\_讨论议题\_\_\_.

( 3 ) 答题性议论文

Currently, there is a widespread concern over (the issue that)\_\_作文题目\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ .It is really an important concern to every one of us. As a result, we must spare no efforts to take some measures to solve this problem.

As we know that there are many steps which can be taken to undo this problem. First of all, \_\_途径一\_\_\_\_\_\_. In addition, another way contributing to success of the solving problem is \_\_\_途径二\_\_\_\_\_.

Above all, to solve the problem of \_\_\_作文题目\_\_\_\_\_\_, we should find a number of various ways. But as far as I am concerned, I would prefer to solve the problem in this way, that is to say, \_\_\_\_方法\_\_\_\_\_.

万能句型：

1) It seems to me that something is not valued highly enough…. The possible reason may be … 在我看来，对某事的重视还不够，可能的原因或许是…

2) But possibly the problem lies not so much in (our institutions) as in (our attitudes). 但可能问题出在我们的态度上，而不是我们的机构上。

3) There are many factors that may account for this result, but the following are the most typicalones. First, … 有许多因素可解释这一结果，但如下的是最典型的因素。第一，…

4) There are many reasons responsible for this instance, and the following are the typical ones. 造成这一情况有许多原因，如下的原因就很典型。

5) There are similar reasons when we consider that … 当我们考虑…有类似的原因。

6) There are numerous reasons why …, and I shall here explore only a few of the most important ones. 有许多原因导致…。在此我只想就最重要的几个探讨一下。

7) It is easy to understand the reasons for this (prejudice against) something. One problem is that to most of us, doing something looks like doing something. 理解造成对某事的偏见的原因并不困难。问题是对我们大多数人来说，做某事似乎就是做某事。

8) They fall into the following categories. 它们可归纳为如下的类别：

9) If (lectures) make so little sense, why have they been allowed to continue? 如果讲座没有什么可取之处，为什么还让它们继续?

10) This question looks as if it ought to fall in the domain of the (psychology). 这一问题似乎好像应归在(心理学)里。

11) However, it is important to point out that … 然而，指出…是很重要的。

12) From this it follows that … 从这一点接踵而至的是…

13) Some people think that …. To be frank, I cannot agree with their opinion for the reasons below. 有些人认为…。坦率地讲，出于如下的原因，我不能同意他们的观点。

14) Some reasons can explain this trend. First, … 有一些原因可解释这一趋势。首先…

15) This phenomenon exists for a number of reasons. First, …. Second, …. Third, … 这一现象的存在是有许多原因的。首先，… 第二，… 第三，…

16) There is probably a variety of reasons for the dramatic decline in …. First, …. Second, …. Finally, … 或许…的突然下降是有许多原因引起的。首先，… 第二，… 最后，…

17) Why did …? For one thing …. For another,

本文档由范文网【dddot.com】收集整理，更多优质范文文档请移步dddot.com站内查找